11 U.S.C. § 726(a) and (b) Administrative expense Converted case

<u>In re Agritherm Products</u> 2/7/97

695-60908-fra7 FRA

Unpublished

The trustee filed an objection to a claim filed by Fortier Properties, the debtor's landlord, for unpaid rent. The debtor filed its petition for relief under Chapter 11 on March 16, 1995 and Fortier filed a proof of claim for a general unsecured claim of \$13,909. The case was converted to Chapter 7 on September 7, 1995. The trustee was able to liquidate the debtor's assets by October 31, 1995 and by mid-November, 1995 the assets had been removed and Fortier was in possession of the property. On October 26, 1996, Fortier filed a proof of claim amending its previous proof of claim, asserting a priority claim for \$6,300 for unpaid rent for the months of August, September, October, and November, 1995. The trustee objected to the amended claim to the extent of the priority claim on the ground that it constituted a new claim which was not filed timely.

The court determined that the \$6,300 in unpaid rent constituted a priority administrative expense under 11 U.S.C. § 507. 11 U.S.C. § 726(a) requires distribution first to claims of the kind specified in § 507, proof of which is filed either timely or tardily if filed before the date on which the trustee commences distribution. Thus, since the claim for priority rent was filed before the distribution date, the date it was filed is not relevant. However, 11 U.S.C. § 726(b) requires the trustee to distribute funds in a converted case first to administrative expense claims in the Chapter 7 case before paying pre-conversion administrative expense claims. Thus, the \$6,300 had to be allocated between pre-conversion and post-conversion periods with that amount allocated to the Chapter 7 period paid pro rata with other Chapter 7 administrative expenses.

E97-4(5)

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                      UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
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                        FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON
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   IN RE
                                        Case No. 695-60908-fra7
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   AGRITHERM PRODUCTS, INC.,
                        Debtor.
                                        MEMORANDUM OPINION
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         Trustee objects to a claim filed by Fortier Properties
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    ("Claimant") for unpaid rent and cleanup expenses.
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                                 I. FACTS
         The Claimant was Debtor's landlord. Debtor filed its
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   petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy code on
   March 16, 1995. The deadline for filing proofs of claim was July
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   20, 1995. On that date Claimant filed a proof of claim for
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   $13,309.00, characterizing the debt as "unsecured, nonpriority."
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   The claim was broken down as follows:
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         Unpaid rent (five month's @ 1800)
                                                     $9,000
                                                      2,500
         Late payment penalties
         Straw removal and cleanup, fence repairs
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                                                      2,500
         Attorneys fees, etc.
                                                        364
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                   Total
                                                    $13,909
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The case converted to Chapter 7 on September 7, 1995. On September 27 Claimant's attorney wrote to the trustee stating that Claimant has incurred "additional expenses" of \$2,592 to remove from the premises a large quantity of straw debtor had stored on the premises for "more than two years." The letter was eventually forwarded by the trustee to the court, for filing as an "informal" proof of claim.

Claimant filed a motion for relief from the automatic stay on August 3, 1995, seeking leave to foreclose its landlord's lien on assets of the estate. The motion was heard at the same time as a motion to convert the case. Since the Court determined the case should be converted, the motion for relief was denied, without prejudice so that the Chapter 7 trustee would have an opportunity to liquidate the assets in the event there was equity for the estate.

The trustee was able to liquidate assets and the process was completed by October 31, 1995. By mid November all assets had been removed, and the Claimant was in sole possession of the property. On October 26, 1996 Claimant filed a proof of claim amending the July 19, 1995 claim. In addition to the \$13,909 originally demanded, the amended proof of claim asserted a priority claim for \$6,300 for "rent for the months during which the property was under the administration of the court", broken down as \$1,800 per month for August, September, and October, and \$900 for November. At oral argument it was made clear that the

year in question was 1995, and that the claim referred to rent accruing after the case was converted.

II. DISCUSSION

Administrative Expense Priority

Rent accruing while a Chapter 7 trustee or a Debtor-in-Possession remains in possession of property may be claimed as a priority administrative expense. Code §\$503(b), 507(a)(1). The trustee objects to that portion of the amended claim seeking payment of the priority claim, alleging that it is a new claim that does not date back to the original filing, and is therefore untimely.

Code §726(a) requires distribution of property of the estate "(1) first, in payment of claims of the kind specified in, and in the order specified in, section 507 of this title, proof of which is timely filed under section 501 of this title or tardily filed before the date on which the trustee commences distribution under this section..." The claim for rent accruing during the pendency of the bankruptcy case, both before and after conversion to Chapter 7, is allowable under §507: it follows that it does not matter if the claim is "tardy."

The trustee asserts that he had vacated the property by October 31, and that the estate should not be responsible for the \$900 in rent for November. The liquidator's report indicates that the personal property on the site was sold on October 26th. Claimant claims that it took two weeks for all the purchasers to remove their property, which claim the Trustee does not dispute.

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Under the circumstances, the claim for November should be allowed.

Cleanup costs

The claim for removing the hay stored at the site appears twice; once in the original proof of claim, and again in the September 27, 1995 letter to the trustee. It appears to me that these claims are one and the same. If the expenses claimed in the letter were for a second cleanup, the amended proof of claim filed in October 1996 would have shown a higher amount. The claim is allowed, but bears no priority.

Priority of Distribution

Even though the rent claimed for the property while the debtor-in-possession and the trustee were in possession of the property is accorded an administrative priority under § 507(a), § 726(b) directs the trustee to distribute property of the estate first to administrative expense claims incurred in the converted case. Pre-conversion administrative expense claims are paid only if there are additional funds available after payment of the post-conversion administrative expense claims. Consequently, the claim for rent for the post-conversion period (\$1,380 for September, \$1,800 for October, and \$900 for November) totaling \$4,080 shall be paid pro-rata with other Chapter 7 administrative expense claims. The remaining allowable claim of the Claimant shall be paid only if additional funds remain for such payment and in the order of priority accorded such claim.

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III. CONCLUSION

The Trustee's objection is overruled. The amended claim #48 is allowed as submitted with distribution on such claim to be made as directed in this memorandum opinion. An order to that effect will be entered.

FRANK R. ALLEY, III Bankruptcy Judge

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